116TH CONGRESS So Session S.
To regulate the posting of personal information of government officials on the internet, and for other purposes.
IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES
Mr. Cotton (for himself, Mr. McConnell, Mrs. Blackburn, Mr. Booz Man, Mrs. Loeffler, and Mr. Perdue) introduced the following bill which was read twice and referred to the Committee of
A BILL
To regulate the posting of personal information of government officials on the internet, and for other purposes.
1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa
2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled
3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4 This Act may be cited as the "Public Servant Protec
5 tion Act of 2020".
6 SEC. 2. PRIVACY OF PERSONAL INFORMATION OF GOVERN

MENT OFFICIALS.

(a) Criminal Provision.—

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1	(1) In General.—Chapter 88 of title 18,
2	United States Code, is amended by adding at the
3	end the following:
4	"§ 1802. Privacy of personal information of govern-
5	ment officials
6	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
7	"(1) GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL.—The term 'gov-
8	ernment official' means—
9	"(A) any officer or employee described in
10	section 1114; and
11	"(B) any officer or employee of a State, a
12	political subdivision of a State, or a Tribal gov-
13	ernment.
14	"(2) Immediate family member.—The term
15	'immediate family member' has the meaning given
16	the term in section 115.
17	"(3) Personal information.—The term 'per-
18	sonal information' means—
19	"(A) a home address; or
20	"(B) a home phone number.
21	"(4) State.—The term 'State' means any
22	State of the United States, the District of Columbia,
23	the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Is-
24	lands, Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth

1	of the Northern Mariana Islands, and any possession
2	of the United States.
3	"(5) Tribal Government.—The term 'Tribal
4	government' has the meaning given the term 'Indian
5	tribal government' in section 102 of the Robert T.
6	Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance
7	Act (42 U.S.C. 5122).
8	"(b) Prohibition.—It shall be unlawful for any per-
9	son to publicly display on the internet the personal infor-
10	mation of a government official or an immediate family
11	member of a government official with the intent to cause
12	bodily harm or other injury to an individual.
13	"(c) Penalty.—A person who violates subsection
14	(b)—
15	"(1) shall be fined under this title, imprisoned
16	for not more than 1 year, or both; and
17	"(2) if bodily injury or death results from the
18	violation, shall be fined under this title, imprisoned
19	for any term of years or life, or both.".
20	(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sec-
21	tions for chapter 88 of title 18, United States Code,
22	is amended by adding at the end the following:
	"1802. Privacy of personal information of government officials.".
23	(b) CIVIL PROVISION.—
24	(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:

1	(A) GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL; PERSONAL
2	INFORMATION.—The terms "government offi-
3	cial" and "personal information" have the
4	meanings given those terms in section 1802 of
5	title 18, United States Code, as added by sub-
6	section (a).
7	(B) Immediate family member.—The
8	term "immediate family member" has the
9	meaning given the term in section 115 of title
10	18, United States Code.
11	(C) Interactive computer service.—
12	The term "interactive computer service" has
13	the meaning given the term in section 230 of
14	the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C.
15	230).
16	(2) Written demand to persons.—
17	(A) In General.—A government official
18	may directly, or through an agent designated by
19	the government official, make a written demand
20	to a person to refrain from publicly displaying
21	on the internet the personal information of the
22	government official or an immediate family
23	member of the government official.

1	(B) Effect of written demand.—If a
2	government official makes a written demand to
3	a person under subparagraph (A), the person—
4	(i) shall, not later than 48 hours after
5	the receipt of the written demand, remove
6	any personal information of the govern-
7	ment official or an immediate family mem-
8	ber of the government official displayed on
9	the internet by the person; and
10	(ii) during the 4-year period following
11	the date of the receipt of the written de-
12	mand, may not publicly display on the
13	internet the personal information of the
14	government official or an immediate family
15	member of the government official.
16	(3) Written demand to interactive com-
17	PUTER SERVICE PROVIDERS.—
18	(A) In general.—A government official
19	may directly, or through an agent designated by
20	the government official, make a written demand
21	to the provider of an interactive computer serv-
22	ice to remove the personal information of the
23	government official or an immediate family
24	member of the government official that is pub-

1 licly displayed on the interactive computer serv-2 ice. 3 (B) Effect of written demand.—If a 4 government official makes a written demand to 5 the provider of an interactive computer service 6 under subparagraph (A), the provider shall, not 7 later than 48 hours after the receipt of the 8 written demand, remove from the interactive 9 computer service any personal information of 10 the government official or an immediate family 11 member of the government official that is pub-12 licly displayed on the interactive computer serv-13 ice. 14 (4) Cause of action.— 15 (A) IN GENERAL.—A government official 16 who is aggrieved by a violation of paragraph 17 (2)(B) or (3)(B) may bring a civil action 18 against the person or the provider of an inter-19 active computer service, respectively, that vio-20 lated that paragraph in an appropriate district 21 court of the United States. (B) Relief.—In an action under subpara-22 23 graph (A), the court may award— 24 (i) injunctive relief;

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1	(ii) if injury or damage results from
2	the violation of paragraph (2)(B) or
3	(3)(B), the greater of—
4	(I) actual damages; or
5	(II) \$1,000; and
6	(iii) reasonable costs and attorney's
7	fees.